APRIL 18, 1771. NUMBER 1028.

THE VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the freshest ADVICES, FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

IN CIVITATE LIBERA LINGUAM MENTEMQUE LIBERAS ESSE DEBERE.——*Suet.* in *Tib.* S. 28.

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CONSTANTINOPLE, *December* 3.

THE Ruſſians have not quitted the Helleſpont, as we had flattered ourſelves, the Maſters of ſeveral Veſſels arrived from the Levant aſſuring us that their whole Fleet is retired to Paros; where, in all Probability, they intend to paſs the Winter. It is to be feared that the Retreat of the Ruſſians, which has facilitated the Paſſage of Veſſels laden with Proviſions to us, may reduce us to great Straits, if a third Squadron, which is ſuppoſed to be very near the Mediterranean, ſhould preſent itſelf before the Dardanelles.

The Pacha of Boſnia, eſteemed by the Sultan as a Man of Courage and great Skill in the military Art, is appointed Grand Viziar, in the Room of Hali Pacha, who is ſent to Belgrade in Quality of Pacha; and the Pacha of Belgrade ſucceeds the new Grand Viziar as Pacha of Boſnia.

PETERSBURG, *December* 25. Prince Henry of Pruſſia ſet out for Moſcow; and her Imperial Majeſty is this Day gone to Sarſko Zelo, for a Week or ten Days.

FLORENCE, *December* 27. Laſt Night, about ſeven o'Clock, the Inhabitants of this City were greatly alarmed by a very violent Shock of an Earthquake; but we do not hear of any Damage being done by it.

HAGUE, *January* 18. The Province of Friſeland has juſt ſuffered a heavy Loſs, by the burning of its Admiralty at Harlingen, with the Stores, Archives, and every Thing belonging to it.

PARIS, *January* 11. During the Year 1770 the Baptiſms in this City were nineteen Thouſand five Hundred and forty, ten Thouſand of which were Males, and nine Thouſand five Hundred and forty Females; and four Thouſand ſeven Hundred and ſeventy five Marriages. The Deaths amounted to eighteen Thouſand ſeven Hundred and nineteen, nine Thouſand nine Hundred and twenty two of which were Males, and eight Thouſand ſeven Hundred and ninety ſeven Females. The Number of Foundlings was ſix Thouſand nine Hundred and eighteen, of which three Thouſand five Hundred and thirty one were Boys, and three Thouſand three Hundred and eighty ſeven Girls. In 1769 the Baptiſms were nineteen Thouſand four Hundred and forty five, the Marriages four Thouſand eight Hundred and ſixty, the Deaths eighteen Thouſand four Hundred and twenty ſeven, and the Foundlings ſix Thouſand four Hundred and twenty ſix.

WARSAW, *December* 22. The Chief M. Saiva has been entirely defeated by Count Branicki, near Wyſokie Littewſki. The former was at the Head of two Thouſand Men, and the latter had only eight Hundred. Two Hundred of the Confederates were killed on the Spot, and five Hundred taken Priſoners.

MALAGA, *December* 11. Within theſe few Days all the Batteries of this Place have been mounted, and the Men are working with the utmoſt Expedition on two new Ones, which will be placed at the Point of the two Moles to defend the Entrance of the Port.

HAMBURG, *January* 18. Letters from Hanover inform us that the King of England has given Orders for remounting the Artillery, not only at Hanover, but alſo at Stade, Hamelen, Hardeburg, Newbourg, and other Fortreſſes of the Electorate, to make new Baggage Waggons, Carriages, and Pontoons, and to form throughout all the Electorate moſt exact Liſts of all the young Fellows able to bear Arms. Theſe Preparations greatly perplex our Politicians.

VENICE, *December* 9. Advices from the Levant inform us that the Ruſſians have retaken the Iſland and Caſtle of Stalimore, from whence Haſſan Bey, with the Aſſiſtance of the Dulcignotes, had obliged them to retire. Admiral Spiritoff hath thought proper to make Repriſals, by cauſing all the Turks found in the Iſland to be hanged, without Mercy; becauſe the latter, not regarding the Law of Nations, had cruelly murdered all the Greeks, and their Biſhop.

LEGHORN, *January* 2. Letters from Spain adviſe that the King hath reſolved to remain ſole Maſter of the Navigation of the South Sea, and prevent the Engliſh, and other Nations, from forming any Settlement there, as well as in the Straits of Magellan. If the Preſervation of the Peace, for the preſent, ſhould be founded on the Reſtitution of Falkland's Iſlands to the Engliſh, an open War muſt ſoon be expected between Spain and Great Britain, ſince his Catholick Majeſty proteſts againſt any Claim of the Engliſh to thoſe Iſlands.

MADRID, *January* 3. Every Thing in this Kingdom announces an approaching War, and the continual Preparations of War confirm us more and more in that Idea. There are already twelve Ship. of the Line ready to put to Sea, which will be commanded by the Sieur Tillie. Beſides, there is at Ferrol another Squadron, completely equipped, conſiſting of twelve Men of War, one of which carries a Hundred and twelve Guns, five of eighty, and ſix of ſeventy Guns, with ſix Frigates, ready to ſail on the firſt Notice, under the Command of the Sieur Regie.

LONDON, *January* 16.

WE are credibly informed that the late Duke of Bedford died poſſeſſed of a real Eſtate of forty five Thouſand Pounds a Year, beſides about ſeven Hundred Thouſand Pounds in the different publick Funds.

It is generally imagined that the Death of the Duke of Bedford will leſſen conſiderably the Power of the preſent Miniſtry, and be productive of many Changes among themſelves, if not their abſolute Diſmiſſion.

Orders have been ſent, within theſe three Days, to Ireland, to raiſe five Thouſand Roman Catholicks immediately in that Kingdom, to complete the Britiſh Army.

Extract of a Letter from Emden.

"We have received Orders to prepare Quarters for ſeven Thouſand Troops, whom we expect next Week. Their Deſtination is unknown, nor can we poſſibly gueſs. Many large Dutch Tranſports are now at Anchor, within a Mile of the Town, ready victualled to receive the Troops.

"It is reported here that the City of Hamburg is in Treaty with the King of Denmark to ſubmit themſelves to the Sovereignty of his Government, and become Daniſh Subjects, provided a Garriſon of ſix Thouſand Danes is maintained at Ritzenbuttle for the Protection of Hamburg, and that no private Soldier of that Garriſon ſhall enter the City without an Order ſigned by one of the Burgomaſters. Some of the principal Merchants are to be admitted into the Daniſh Eaſt India Company, and three Ships are annually to ſail from Hamburg to the Indies. The Hamburgers are to receive many other Privileges in Trade. By this Treaty the City of Hamburg will receive great Riches, and will avoid the heavy Charges of ſupporting ſeven Thouſand Troops."

Before the End of this Month thirty Ships of the Line will be completely equipped for Service, at Spithead.

Tueſday laſt the grand new Dock was opened at Plymouth, and received the Northumberland Man of War.

The Fleet for the Eaſt Indies is now entirely ſettled. It is to conſiſt of ſix Sail of the Line, with Frigates, &c. and if a War breaks out, we hear there is a Cantonary Clauſe in the Contract, between Government and the Eaſt India Company, for increaſing it. The Northumberland Man of War with five other Veſſels, is now fitting out, with the greateſt Expedition, for this Deſtination, and the ſeveral Stores are already prepared.

It is ſaid that the preſent Duke of Bedford, when of Age, will poſſeſs a Year ſeventy Thouſand Pounds a Year.

Letters newly received from France declare that they are at preſent in the greateſt State of Confuſion; the King remaining obſtinate in his Requiſition of the Parliament to a Compliance with his Commands, and the Parliament are determined in their Oppoſition to them. The Letters conclude with ſaying that this domeſtick Warfare muſt ſoon be terminated, ſince the King dare not puniſh, and the Parliament will not obey.

Count Frederick, Son of the late Theodore King of Corſica, is the Perſon appointed by the India Company to raiſe their Recruits in Germany.

We are aſſured, from very good Authority, that the Miniſters of France, at the ſeveral Courts of Europe, have been inceſſantly uſing their utmoſt Efforts to prevent a War with this Nation.

January 19. The King of Pruſſia has, at this Time, ſome very great Scheme in Contemplation; and his preſent Conduct, with Reſpect to his Army, induces ſome Perſons to believe that it will not be long before he will put it in Execution. This Monarch ſeems to portend a more formidable Foe to Britain than moſt People are aware of.

By the Promotion of the Earl of Suffolk it is ſaid eight Members will be added to the Majority in the Houſe of Commons, and three to the Majority of the Houſe of Lords.

Lord Sandwich will remain in his preſent Employment, we are aſſured, during the Continuance of the Power of the preſent Miniſtry. His Fondneſs for that Department, and acknowledged Abilities, as well as becauſe thoſe who in all Probability would be fixed on to ſucceed him, are now in Oppoſition, all tend to evince a Proſpect of his ſtaying at the Admiralty Board.

The Number of Seamen intended to be raiſed is ſaid to be very near completed; and we are told that whether there ſhould enſue War or Peace the preſent Number will be kept up, that our Marine may be always in ſuch a reſpectable Situation as to put it out of the Power of any of our Competitors to brave us on that Element.

Lately died Frederick III. the reigning Duke of Saxe Gotha, Uncle to his Majeſty, and Brother to her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Dowager of Wales, and one of the Knights of the Garter. It is ſaid that the Court will go into Mourning, on the above Occaſion, on Sunday the 27th Inſtant.

There has lately been laid before the Society for the Encouragement of Arts, Manufactures, and Commerce, in the Strand, an Improvement on the Loom, by a poor Weaver. The Alterations he has made in this uſeful Machine are the reducing it to a much leſs Magnitude than thoſe of the uſual Conſtructions, and the taking away entirely thoſe Parts of the Frame Work that obſtructed the Light; leaving it, at the ſame Time, even more commodious and effectual in its Uſe in all other Reſpects.

January 22. War, we can inform our Readers, was ſettled, ſome Time ſince, to have been declared on Friday laſt, the 18th Inſtant, if Something had not ſince intervened.

A ſtrong Memorial, it is ſaid, has been preſented to our Miniſtry by Count Malzahn, the Pruſſian Envoy Extraordinary, in which his Majeſty demands the Subſidy Money due to him in a very high and unuſual Tone. This Demand on our Court amounts, it is ſaid, to one Million five Hundred Thouſand Pounds.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, *January* 11.

"Our laſt Accounts from the Ruſſian Fleet confirm its having quitted the Archipelago, and being gone to Port Mahon, in Order to winter there. The chief Reaſon which Count d'Orloff had for taking this Step is ſaid to be his Want of Men. The Letters from Conſtantinople adviſe that the Grand Seignior has recalled the Grand Viziar, and given him a Government; but it not known who will ſucceed him in his Command, though it it is ſuppoſed his Brother in Law will have it."

His Majeſty having been pleaſed to deliver the Cuſtody of the Privy Seal to the Right Honourable Henry Earl of Suffolk and Berkſhire, his Lordſhip was thereupon, by his Majeſty's Command, ſworn one of his Majeſty's Moſt Honourable Privy Council, and likewiſe Keeper of the Privy Seal; and his Lordſhip accordingly took his Place at the Board.

Extract from an authentick Letter from Paris, *January* 9.

"You may rely on the following intereſting Piece of Intelligence, namely, that the French have actually planted Cloves and Nutmegs in the Iſle of France, notwithſtanding all the Vigilance of the Dutch to prevent them. The latter therefore can no longer be called, excluſively, the Pepper Boxes of all Europe. This was effected in the Courſe of the laſt Year. The Sea Officer who was employed in it, and who brought the News to France, has been knighted for his Services, and received both a Penſion and Gratuity from the Court. He comes ſometimes to a Coffeehouſe which I frequent, and has ſhown me Specimens of the Spiceries.

"The Parliament of Paris began yeſterday to exerciſe its Functions, but only under certain Conditions; and it is not known whether the King, or the Parliament, will prevail. The Miniſter of War is appointed; he is called M. Monteynard, and is deemed extremely proper for that Department. The Publick ſpeak differently of the other Miniſters appointed in the Room of the exiled."

January 23. It ſeems highly probable, by the Government's purſuing ſuch vigorous Meaſures for completing the Armaments, that the preſent Convention, inſtead of being the Confirmation of Peace, will be only the Prelude to a War, as happened in the former Rupture with Spain in the Time of Sir Robert Walpole's Adminiſtration.

No leſs than three Expreſſes were ſent off yeſterday from the ſouthern Departments, in ſix Hours preceding each other; from whence it is expected ſome Affairs of very great Importance protracted the final Concluſion of a very recent Tranſaction.

It is reported that a powerful Nabob Lord, with ſix of his Dependents and Adherents, has forſaken the Minority.

It is ſaid that ſome noble Lords of the Minority are preparing Impeachments againſt certain Perſons concerned in the Negotiations with a neighbouring Court.

The following remarkable Queries are addreſſed, in a Morning Paper, to Lord Rochford.

"Did you not know, previous to the Publication of what is called your *Acceptance*, that Prince Maſerano had no Orders, or was in any Way *authoriſed* by his Catholick Majeſty, to ſign the Declaration of the 22d of January 1771?

"Was you not with the Prince near four Hours a very ſhort Time before his ſigning? And did you not come from him in a great Heat, and ſay, *there was no making any Thing of this muliſh Fellow?*

"Did you not threaten him if he would not ſign? And did he not at laſt ſign with great Reluctance, and even ſhed Tears afterwards?

"How can you, as a Man of *Veracity*, SAY and SIGN *His Catholick Majeſty having* AUTHORISED *the Prince of Maſerano, his Ambaſſadour Extraordinary, to offer, in* HIS MAJESTY'S NAME, *&c.*

On Tueſday there was a numerous Meeting of the Supporters of the Bills of Rights. Four and forty were preſent, when the Society came to a Reſolution that they approved of the preſent Conduct of John Wilkes, Eſquire; and likewiſe unanimouſly agreed to pay the outſtanding Debts of Mr. Wilkes that were contracted before the 20th of February 1769, the Day of forming this Inſtitution. From this the Publick may perceive that the Society have not deſerted the Man who, for his publick Conduct, deſerves the Thanks and Support of all true Lovers of their Country.

It is allowed by all who have heard Seigniora Sirmen, who now plays the Violin at the Opera Houſe in the Haymarket, that ſhe brings the fineſt Tone from that Inſtrument that has been heard; ſhe has alſo the great Advantage of being a very genteel and beautiful Woman.

We are aſſured that of all the Ambaſſadours ſince the famous Gondemar none have ever lived in ſuch Friendſhip with our Engliſh Nobility as Prince Maſerano, the preſent Spaniſh Ambaſſadour. His Princeſs alſo has made many Friendſhips amongſt our great Ladies, with whom ſhe ſpends moſt of her Time.

We are aſſured that a very powerful League is formed of the Heads of the Oppoſition, who have a Plan in Agitation that will perplex the preſent Miniſtry more than any Thing they have hitherto met with. The above Party are determined to force them out, Root and Branch.

This Day the Right Honourable Lord Grantham kiſſed his Majeſty's Hand on being appointed the King's Ambaſſadour Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to his Catholick Majeſty.

The Duke of Bedford certainly remitted to his Tenants, in Conſequence of Inundations laſt Autumn, no leſs than five Thouſand Pounds; a noble Inſtance of Generoſity, which ought to be recorded to his Honour.

A certain Lady, Siſter to an unpopular Member of Parliament, after returning from a grand Aſſembly, miſſing a ſmall Slice of Butter off a Lump which ſhe generally marks, the Cook having given the two Chairmen the Slice to butter two red Herrings, the Lady diſcharged immediately the two Chairmen, Footman, and Cook.

As Numbers of Perſons of elevated and diſſipated Lives and Fortunes (nay among them even Members of the Legiſlature, forgetting their Rank and Station, and the Example, as well as Laws, they are bound to give) pay often little Regard to Punctuality with Reſpect to the Performance of their Agreements, or Payments of their Debts, it may not be amiſs to let ſuch ſo diſpoſed, and ſo far diſhoneſt and diſhonourable Perſons, know and ſee what were the Sentiments and Actions of our great moral Poet Mr. POPE relative to that Point, as given by a late Writer of his Life. "He was (ſays that Writer) juſt, punctual, temperate, generous, and "grateful. His ſtrict Regard to Juſtice and Punctuality appeared in all "his Tranſactions; he was exact, even to Minuteneſs." The nice Sentiments (continues the ſaid Writer) he adopted with Reſpect to Punctuality, appear in one of his Letters, where he obſerves "that Punctuality is "a Branch of moral Honeſty, and that an unpunctual Man is a Thief of "his Neighbour's Time, which he can never repay." The ſaid Writer farther adds, that this moral Honeſty, this Virtue of Punctuality, appeared in all his Dealings and Contracts, which ſhow with what Preciſion and ſcrupulous Caution he entered into Engagements where Punctuality was requiſite.——Think of, and ponder well on this, ye greateſt, and, if not equally juſt, often the meaneſt of Mankind; and remember that the ſame great Moraliſt, Poet, and Philoſopher, has declared, and by ſuch truly noble Actions proved, that "an honeſt Man is the nobleſt Work of God;" and therefore, like him, live reſpected, eſteemed, and beloved; and, like him, die revered, lamented, and celebrated here, and doubtleſs immortally bleſſed hereafter.

Wedneſday Evening, as the Counteſs of Chatham was returning from Town to Hayes, in her Chariot, her Ladyſhip was ſet upon by four Footpads, armed with Piſtols, and robbed of her Gold repeating Watch, and what Money ſhe had about her, with which the Villains got clear off, though her Ladyſhip was attended by four Servants armed with Piſtols.

A few Days ago Sir Sampſon Gideon, Baronet, diſtributed a large Quantity of Bread and Money to the Poor in the Neighbourhood of his Seat in Kent, to the great Relief of many diſtreſſed Families, whoſe Wants have ſo often been ſupplied by the Humanity and Liberality of that worthy Gentleman.

January 26. The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint the Right Honourable John Earl of Sandwich, John Buller, the Right Honourable Henry Viſcount Palmerſton, of the Kingdom of Ireland, the Right Honourable Charles Spencer, Eſquire, commonly called Lord Spencer, the Right Honourable Wilmot Viſcount Liſburne, of the Kingdom of Ireland, the Honourable Charles James Fox, Eſquire, and the Right Honourable Auguſtus John Harvey, Eſquire (in the Room of Francis Holburne, Eſquire) to be his Majeſty's Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Dominions, Iſlands, and Territories thereunto reſpectively belonging.

The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint the Right Honourable Wills Earl of Hillſborough, of the Kingdom of Ireland, and one of his Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State, Soame Jennyns, Edward Elliott, John Roberts, and William Fitzherbert, Eſquires, the Honourable Robert Spencer, the Honourable George Greville, Eſquire, commonly called Lord Greenville, and Thomas Whately, Eſquire (in the Room of William Northey, Eſquire, deceaſed) to be his Majeſty's Commiſſioners for Trade and Plantations.

We are informed that every little Confidence is placed by the principal Traders and monied Men in the City on the Stability of the late Accommodation with Spain.

A Rupture between the States General and a great northern Power is by ſome talked of as a Matter likely to happen very ſhortly.

Yeſterday Mr. Wedderburne was appointed Cofferer, not Chancellor, to her Majeſty, with a Salary of eight Hundred Pounds a Year.

Yeſterday a new Writ was to be iſſued out for electing a Member for Oxford, in the Room of Serjeant Nares, made a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas; alſo a new Writ for Tamworth, in the Room of Edward Thurloe, Eſquire, made Attorney General; and a new Writ for Biſhop's Caſtle, in the Room of Alexander Wedderburn, Eſquire, made Solicitor General.

There are now at Port L'Orient, ready to embark for the Mauritius, three Battalions, named the Regiment of Clare (Iriſh) one Battalion of the Regiment of Artois, and one Battalion of the Regiment of Normandy.

Some Letters from Holland, of good Authority, by the laſt Mail, adviſe that the States General have ordered eighteen Men of War to be fitted out immediately; which occaſions various Speculations.

A Sailor hearing of the Accommodation with Spain, ſaid all the *Lions* at our Ships Heads ſhould be taken down, and *Hares* put in their Room.

Extract of a Letter from Plymouth, *January* 24.

"Orders have come down to ſtop the Preſs Warrants for the preſent, but to continue to enter ſuch as offer, either for Sea or Land Service. All Hands in the Dockyard are ſtill employed, and there are great Preparations carrying on. Orders are this Day received for the fitting out ſeveral more Men of War, as faſt as poſſible."

The People in general ſeem to be greatly diſcontented with the Spaniſh Convention. It is believed no Satisfaction will be given either for the Expenſe of the Armament, or Manila Ranſom; and by a ſecret Clauſe, Falkland's Iſlands are (as is reported) to remain neutral, and poſſeſſed by neither Party. Thus all has ended in Smoke. It is thought there will be an Inquiry in both Houſes into this Affair. A certain Houſe has addreſſed his Majeſty praying that all the Papers relating to the Affair with Spain may be laid before them.

Notwithſtanding the Aſſurances of Peace, it ſeems ſomewhat extraordinary that the King's Bounty ſhould ſtill be continued for able bodied Seamen and Landmen, and that Orders were ſent yeſterday for a Fleet to rendezvous in the Downs, under the command of Admiral Montague.

Notwithſtanding our Diſputes ſeem for the preſent to be adjuſted with the Court of Spain, yet we can aſſure the Publick, from good Authority, that there are ſome very material Points ſtill to be ſettled with the French Court; and that Lord Rochfort ſent laſt Week a very ſpirited Memorial on this Head to Lord Harcourt, our Ambaſſadour at Paris.

Notwithſtanding the preſent peaceable Appearance with Spain, the Preſs was very hot about Wapping laſt Night, and twenty Men were taken out of a publick Houſe near Gun Dock.

By private Letters, over Land, from India, we learn that ſeveral of the Diſtricts in the Kingdom of Bengal had ſuffered conſiderably, for a long Time, from a dreadful Famine; and that in the Diſtrict of Parnea particularly one Third of the Inhabitants had already periſhed for Want.

They write from Warſaw that the Budziack and Jedizandiki Tartars, to the Number of twenty Thouſand, who ſubmitted to the Ruſſians laſt Year, have taken Arms againſt the Turks.

January 29. They write from Peterſburg that in the Propoſitions for Peace between that Court and the Grand Seignior his Sublime Highneſs had offered to pay a conſiderable Sum of Money for the Recovery of the Territories taken by the Ruſſian Arms.

We are aſſured that eighty Thouſand Ruſſian Recruits are in March to reenforce the two Imperial Armies.

A Dutch Mail arrived at the Poſt Office this Evening. The moſt material News are the great naval Equipments in France, which we are told are carrying on with great Vigour. Fifteen Men of War of the Line, and eight Frigates, are in Hands at Toulon, and forty at Port L'Orient, which are all in ſuch Forwardneſs that they have Orders to aſſemble in May next at Breſt, and the Command already is given to M. D'Antigeon.

About three o'Clock on Thurſday Afternoon Lord North laid before the Lower Room of a certain Society, by his Majeſty's Command, the two following Papers.

TRANSLATION *of the* DECLARATION *ſigned and delivered by Prince de Maſerano, Ambaſſadour Extraordinary from his Catholick Majeſty, dated the* 22*d Day of January*, 1771.

His Britannick Majeſty having complained of the Violence which was committed on the 10th of June 1770, at the Iſland commonly called Great Malouine, and by the Engliſh Falkland's Iſlands, in obliging, by Force, the Commander, and Subject of his Britannick Majeſty, to evacuate the Port by them called Egmont, a Step offenſive to the Honour of his Crown, the Prince de Maſerano, Ambaſſadour Extraordinary of his Catholick Majeſty, has received Orders to declare, and declares, that his Catholick Majeſty, conſidering the Deſire with which he is animated for Peace, and for the Maintenance of a good Harmony with his Britannick Majeſty, and reflecting that this Event might interrupt it, has ſeen, with Diſpleaſure, this Expedition, tending to diſturb it; and in the Perſuaſion in which he is of the Reciprocity of Sentiments of his Britannick Majeſty, and of its being far from his Intention to authoriſe any Thing that might diſturb the good Underſtanding between the two Courts, his Catholick Majeſty does diſavow the ſaid violent Enterpriſe, and in Conſequence the Prince de Maſerano declares that his Catholick Majeſty engages to give immediate Orders that Things ſhall be reſtored in the Great Malouine, at the Port called Egmont, preciſely in the State in which they were before the 10th of June 1770; for which Purpoſe his Catholick Majeſty will give Orders to one of his Officers to deliver up, to the Officer authoriſed by his Britannick Majeſty, the Port and Fort called Egmont, with all the Artillery, Stores, and Effects of his Britannick Majeſty, and his Subjects, which are at that Place, the Day above named, agreeable to the Inventory which has been made to them.

The Prince de Maſerano declares, at the ſame Time, in the Name of the King his Maſter, that the Engagement of his ſaid Catholick Majeſty to reſtore to his Britannick Majeſty the Poſſeſſion of the Fort and Port Egmont, cannot, nor ought, any Wiſe, to affect the Queſtion of the prior Right of Sovreignty of the Malouine Iſlands, otherwiſe called Falkland's Iſlands. In Witneſs whereof, I the underwriten Ambaſſadour Extraordinary have ſigned the preſent Declaration, with my uſual Signature, and cauſed it to be ſealed with our Arms. London, January 22, 1771.

TRANSLATION *of the Earl of Rochford's* ACCEPTANCE, *dated the* 22*d of January* 1771, *of the Prince de Maſerano's Declaration of the ſame Date.*

His Catholick Majeſty having authoriſed the Prince of Maſerano, his Ambaſſadour Extraordinary, to offer, in his Majeſty's Name, to the King of Great Britain, a Satisfaction for the Injury done to his Britannick Majeſty by diſpoſſeſſing him of the Port Egmont; and the ſaid Ambaſſadour having this Day ſigned a Declaration, which he has juſt delivered to me, expreſſing therein that his Catholick Majeſty, being deſirous to reſtore the good Harmony and Friendſhip which before ſubſiſted between the two Crowns, does diſavow the Expedition againſt Port Egmont, in which Force has been uſed againſt his Britannick Majeſty's Poſſeſſions, Commander, and Subjects, and does alſo engage that all Things ſhall be immediately reſtored to the preciſe Situation in which they ſtood before the 10th of June 1770, and that his Catholick Majeſty ſhall give Orders, in Conſequence, to one of his Officers, to deliver up to the Officer authoriſed by his Britannick Majeſty, the Port and Fort Egmont, as alſo all his Britannick Majeſty's Artillery, Stores, and Effects, on Inventory, which has been made of them; and the ſaid Ambaſſadour having, moreover, engaged, in his Catholick Majeſty's Name, that what is contained in the ſaid Declaration ſhall be carried into Effect, by his ſaid Catholick Majeſty's Orders to his Officers, ſhall be delivered into the Hand of one of his Britannick Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State, within ſix Weeks; his ſaid Britannick Majeſty, in Order to ſhow the ſame friendly Diſpoſitions on his Part, has authoriſed me to declare that he will look upon the ſaid Declaration of Prince de Maſerano, together with the Performance of the ſaid Engagements, on the Part of his Catholick Majeſty, as a Satisfaction for the Crown of Great Britain. In Witneſs whereof, I, underwritten, one of his Britannick Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State, have ſigned theſe Preſents with my uſual Signature, and cauſed them to be ſealed with our Arms. London, January 22, 1771.

As Lord North did not favour the Room, neither in Writing, nor by Speech, with the King of Spain's Inſtructions to his Ambaſſadour in London, we ſhall here give what is authentically the *Purport* of them, though perhaps it may not be exactly the Tenour.

"The King of Spain condeſcends, out of his Regard for his loving "Brother the King of France, to relinquiſh Falkand's Iſlands; but, at the "ſame Time, proteſts againſt any Claim the Engliſh may ſet up to the "Right."

The following is an Account of the PROCEEDINGS *of a certain Aſſembly on the above* DECLARATION *and* ACCEPTANCE *being laid before them.*

Lord North ſaid, when the Spaniſh Declaration came under the Examination of the Room he would avow the Part he had taken in the Negotiation.

Mr. Dowdeſwell moved that all the Papers, Letters, Inſtructions to our Miniſters, &c. relative to the taking of Falkland's Iſland, and the Negotiation with Spain upon the Subject, might all be laid before the Room.

Lord North conſented; only he deſired the Papers might be moved for in three diſtinct Motions, inſtead of being all included in one.

Mr. Dunning made an Objection as to the Idleneſs of the Diſtinction between one Motion and three, for the ſame Thing.

Mr. Dowdeſwell agreed to Lord North's Requeſt.

Mr. Dyſon made a Quibble about ſome Words in the Motion, conveying (as he pretended) a Meaning contrary to a Part of the King's Speech at the Opening of the preſent Seſſion.

Colonel Barré ſhowed that the Words objected to were copied exactly from the King's Speech. He compared Mr. Dyſon to a Smoke Ball, and was very ſevere upon him. He then called the Spaniſh Declaration *ſcandalous* and *infamous*, *diſhonourable* to the Crown, and *diſgraceful* to the Nation. He ſaid, when the Merits of this Declaration came under Examination, he ſhould ſpeak fully to it; for he had much to ſay upon it, and ſhould therefore reſerve himſelf for that Day. But at preſent, he could not help obſerving there was not a Man in England who did not condemn that Declaration. What! four Months arming! and four Months negotiating! And is this all! The noble Lord (Lord North) ſaid in this Room, before the Holidays, that Spain ſhould pay a Part of the Expenſe we have been at in making Preparations to reſent the Inſult; but there is not a Word of Expenſe in the Declaration. The Enemy was not ignorant of the Weakneſs and cowardly Diſpoſition of the Miniſters. The Enemy know that you dare not go to War (to Lord North) and therefore refuſe to make us any Satisfaction. There is not an honeſt Man in England who does not abhor the preſent Set of Miniſters, there is not a petty Prince in Europe who does not laugh at and deſpiſe them. Thus it is in the Power of any individual to put us to an enormous Expenſe, and our Miniſters dare not avenge the Affront! They dare not go to War, becauſe they are afraid they will loſe their Places. Thus the Nation is expoſed to Inſults abroad, and it is left a Prey to Jobbers and Sharpers at home. A French Secretary, being in our Secrets, has made near Half a Million of Money by gaming in our Funds *; and ſome, the higheſt among yourſelves (L——H——, L——H——, &c.) have been deeply concerned in the ſame ſcandalous Traffick. But a Day of Reckoning will come. This Country cannot be quiet, when every Thing that is dear and valuable to the People is thus taken from them.

Lord North denied that he had ever ſaid Spain ſhould pay a Part of the Expenſe. He declared that he could not have ſaid ſo; he had never entertained the leaſt Idea of making ſuch a Demand.

Mr. Charles Fox ſaid, he did not remember the noble Lord to have ever made Uſe of any ſuch Words.

Colonel Barré ſaid, he had not truſted to his own Memory only for his Account of this Fact. He had aſked ſeveral other Members, who all remembered the Words.

Mr. Burke ſaid, he remembered the Words. He condemned the Declaration, in very ſevere Terms. He called it *ſcandalous*, *infamous*, and *treacherous*. He ſaid the Nation would demand the Blood of thoſe that made it. Nothing elſe could, Nothing elſe would ſatisfy. This Declaration, this Wiſdom, this Spirit of the Miniſtry, this Vindication of the Honour of the Crown, this Security of the Rights of the Subject, which lies in a Nutſhell, has coſt the Nation above *two Millions of Money!* The Land Tax was prematurely voted, or rather the Country Gentlemen have been duped out of five Hundred Thouſand Pounds. The Trade of this Country has been greatly diſtreſſed and injured, forty Thouſand Seamen have been voted, an additional Army of thirteen Thouſand Men voted, and they muſt all be paid; a great Number of Ships has been put into Commiſſion, at a great Expenſe to the Publick, and all this for what? Why to procure that ſcandalous, baſe, and diſhonourable Declaration, that lies on the Table. The Miniſters made no Reply

Wagers are already begun to be laid that the Obligation of the preſent Convention does not bind the Powers that have entered into it ſo long as three Months.

* *This is true; M. Francois, Secretary to the French Ambaſſadour, has realized above Half a Million in the Alley. The Spaniſh Miniſter had Orders to ſign the Declaration at leaſt ſix Days before he did. Francois, and others, knew this. They duped their Friends, Mr. T——t, &c. who wanted to get Intelligence. Mr. B——w has likewiſe loſt conſiderably. There were ſix lame Ducks on Thurſday laſt.*

At the End of laſt War a Commiſſion was entered at Whitehall to liquidate the Forage and other Debts left unpaid in Germany. Out of ſeven Millions we paid one Hundred and eighty Thouſand Pounds, and perhaps more than was due in Juſtice; however, his Majeſty of Pruſſia bought up the reſt, made them his own, and it is more than probable he means to pay himſelf. As the Electorate of Hanover is not ſufficient, his Views are perhaps more extended, elſe why ſuch an Army near the Channel.

An Eſtimate of the Expenſes of the naval and military Equipments occaſioned by our late Difference with Spain is preparing to be laid before an auguſt Aſſembly.

A Mountebank Doctor was lately fined at Saliſbury, in no leſs a Sum than two Hundred Pounds Sterling, for impoſing on the Populace, by putting a piece of Plate as a Decoy amongſt his Medicines, to induce Perſons to purchaſe them.

The King of Denmark, as Head of the Church, has publiſhed an Ordinance that a Widower may marry his Wife's Siſter, and that Brother and Siſter's Children may likewiſe marry, neither of which could before be done without an eccleſiaſtical Diſpenſation.

They write from Leghorn that a new Leader had ſtarted up in the Iſland of Corſica at the Head of two Thouſand Mountaineers, and threatened to create a Deal of Trouble to the French Government.

They write from Barbadoes that a French Guineaman, in her Paſſage between Goree and Martinico, had been cut off by an Inſurrection of the Slaves, who murdered all the Crew; and that the Ship, after being toſſed about for ſeveral Weeks, was found at Sea lately, with only nine Negroes alive on Board.

Yeſterday an Iriſh Chairman, who uſed to ply at the Axe and Gate, in King Street, Weſtminſter, was married at St. Margaret's Church, to a Lady whom he formerly ſerved, with a Fortune of ten Thouſand Pounds.

Extract of a Letter from Chatham, *January* 26.

"The following odd Affair you may depend upon to be authentick. This Morning a Perſon known by the Name of Charles Waddell, belonging to his Majeſty's Ship Orford, was ordered to receive two Dozen Laſhes for Deſertion; but when tied up to the Gangway, the Culprit was diſcovered to be a Woman. She confeſſed afterwards ſhe had travelled from Hull to London after a Man with whom ſhe was in Love, and hearing he had entered at the Rendezvous in London, for the ſame Ship, the 9th Inſtant, on the 17th of the ſame Month ſhe came on Board, and was looked upon as a very active young Fellow; but finding that her Sweetheart, who had entered for the above Ship, was run away, in Conſequence thereof, ſhe deſerted yeſterday in Purſuit of him, and was taken up as a Deſerter on the London Road, and was brought again on Board laſt Night, where ſhe was confined in Irons, and this Morning was to have received her Puniſhment, but the Diſcovery prevented it. She was immediately carried before Admiral Sir Peter Denis, who made her a preſent of Half a Guinea. Commiſſioner Hanway, and moſt of the Yard, made her Preſents. She is about nineteen Years of Age."

February 1. Our laſt Advices ſay that Lord Milton is thought to be out of Danger from the Wound he received in the late Duel.

The following is ſaid to be the State of the Caſe in the late Duel. Lord Milton apprehended Lord Paulett had ſupported ſome of his Tenants againſt him in a Lawſuit, wrote to Lord Paulett, charging him with the Fact, which his Lordſhip denied. Lord Milton, thinking the Truth of the Caſe warranted, challenged Lord Paulett, in the Houſe of Lords, with having in his Poſſeſſion a Lie under his Hand, and demanded Satisfaction. His Lordſhip denied the Charge, but readily accepted the Challenge, obſerving that it muſt be decided with Piſtols, as his Sword Hand was lame. Milton vehemently urged the going immediately to Hyde Park, which Lord Paulett declined, having ſome Family Buſineſs to ſettle, but promiſed to meet within the Hour. After this the Blow was given. Lord Paulett went home, and having executed his Will returned to Hyde Park within the Time, where he found his Antagoniſt ſurrounded by Soldiers, who attempted likewiſe to arreſt his Lordſhip, but he refuſed to ſubmit. The next Day ſeveral Meſſages paſſed; and on Monday Lord Milton having got rid of his Arreſt, the Affair was decided behind Montague Houſe. This unhappy Affair is ſaid to have taken its Riſe from a Quarrel about Game.

We hear from Tenbury, in Worceſterſhire, that a Lace Manufactory has been lately ſet on Foot there by a noted Milliner from Bath, who has fixed ſome French People there to teach the poor Inhabitants the Art of weaving that Article, &c. and that the Work goes on proſperouſly.

A Letter from Yarmouth, dated the 28th of laſt Month, ſays, a violent Storm began here laſt Night about ten o'Clock, and laſted till this Morning. The Damage done to the Shipping in our Road is incredible.

February 2. The laſt Letters from Vienna adviſe that the Empreſs Queen has ordered her principal Generals to get ready their Field Equipages. This News very much engages the Attention of our Politicians.

We hear from Chatham that they are very buſy there in fitting out Ships for Sea. Five Ships of the Line were ready to ſail down the River the 29th of laſt Month, and ſeveral more ready to follow them. It is thought that the late Embargo laid on Proviſions in Ireland has brought about the late *famous Convention* or Declaration, as neither French or Spaniſh Fleets can be eaſily victualled without Iriſh Beef and Pork. As ſoon as they get provided by the Help of our good Friends the Dutch, or any other Powers, it is expected their Fleets will put to Sea, and make a Declaration of another Kind.

A Court of Common Council will be held ſome Day next Week, in Order to conſider of a Remonſtrance to his Majeſty on the Spaniſh Declaration, unleſs the Determination of the Houſe of Commons renders ſuch a Proceeding unneceſſary.

By Captain Rogers, of the Delight, juſt arrived at Poole, in thirty Days from Cadiz, we learn that the Spaniards were proceeding with the utmoſt Diligence in the maritime Preparations, and that it was publickly ſaid there Gibraltar would be immediately attacked.

An Expreſs is ſent down from the Admiralty to the Commiſſioner of his Majeſty's Dockyard at Plymouth to keep all the Artificers ſtill at Work as briſk as poſſible, Sunday included.

It is aſſerted, by the lateſt Advices from Paris, that the King of France has diſſolved the Parliament of that Kingdom.

The Treaty negotiating between the Court of Turin and the Republick of Genoa will, according to a Correſpondent, be attended with very intereſting and alarming Conſequences.

His Sardinian Majeſty has given Orders for increaſing his Army to thirty Thouſand Men.

Letters from Toulon adviſe that on the 19th Inſtant the Workmen in the Dockyards were augmented, in Order to finiſh, with the utmoſt Deſpatch, fifteen Men of War of the Line and eight Frigates; and that at Port L'Orient they were fitting out forty Men of War, which were all to aſſemble next May at Breſt. M. Bambeyon is to have the Command of the latter. The ſame Advices add that the Grand Maſter of Malta has refuſed the Ruſſian Ships the Liberty of wintering at Malta; and that in Order to guard that Port againſt any Surpriſe he has ordered Guns to be mounted upon the Batteries and Forts, and obliged all Perſons above fifteen Years of age to bear Arms.

CLUB NEWS.

The Duke of Richmond, as to the Declaration, ſaid he could not leave the Room without making one Obſervation upon it, which was diſtinct from all Information that the Papers might produce; and it was, that he wondered any Miniſter ſhould dare to accept, in the King's Name, a Declaration in which *the Right of Sovereignty of the Iſland is brought into Diſpute*; that in the Time he was in Adminiſtration the Spaniſh Ambaſſadour had attempted to make it a Matter of Diſcuſſion, but that he, and he believed all other Miniſters to this Day, had never ſuffered it to be ſo much as made a Matter of Doubt.

The Majority overruled the Queſtion, as uſual.

It is ſaid that the Sandwich Convention was extorted from the Court of Madrid by the King of France, with no leſs a Threat than the Diſſolution of the Family Compact in Caſe of Non Compliance.

Lord Chatham, it is ſaid, has, by ſome Means, obtained an authentick Copy of every ſingle Paper that paſſed between Great Britain and Spain in a late Negotiation; and intends, it is ſaid, to compare what he has with what may be delivered in, as the Whole of that Correſpondence by the Miniſtry, whence it is apprehended ſome important Diſcovery may be made.

A Motion was made on Tueſday, in a great Aſſembly, for preventing ſuch Debtors from taking Refuge in the Verge of the Board of Green Cloth as owe above three Hundred Pounds.

DUBLIN, *January* 5. A Number of Fellows, armed with Hangers, broke into the Lodgings of a Widow Gentlewoman in Dolphin's Barn, Lane, who has a Daughter between twelve and thirteen Years of Age entitled to a handſome Fortune, and carried her off by Force, after cutting ſeveral People in the Houſe.

Mr. WILKES's *Speech to the Society at the* LONDON TAVERN, *the* 22*d of this Month.*

I HAVE always made it a Maxim to retire when any private Affair, relative to myſelf, became the Subject of your Diſcuſſion, that no Delicacy might prevent any Member of a Society to which I am ſo much obliged from uſing every proper Freedom in Debate. All of you I conſidered as my Friends, and therefore apprehended no Inconvenience from being abſent; but by ſome Fatality, for which I cannot eaſily account, I have been lately held out to you in a Light which I little expected, and which, I am ſure, I little deſerved. At your laſt Meeting, as ſoon as I left this Room a certain Gentleman took the Liberty of entertaining you for an Hour and a Half at my Expenſe. Where he could find Matter for ſuch a tedious Harangue, except in his own indiſtinct Ideas, and verboſe Diction, I am utterly at a Loſs to determine. Certain I am that in my publick or private Conduct he could find Nothing, that, fairly and candidly examined, would afford him ſufficient Subject for a Speech of ten Minutes in Length, much leſs for a long-winded Oration, more ſleepy than a Scotch Parſon's Sermon. The Succeſs which he then met has emboldened him to make a publick Attack, and he hopes to provoke me to engage in a literary Warfare. Of the Severity of his Pen I am not afraid; I am only afraid of degrading myſelf in the Eſtimation of the Publick by the Conteſt, not that I dread to undergo the ſevereſt Examination before the Tribunal of the People. No, I hold myſelf accountable to them for every Part of my publick Conduct; becauſe, though unjuſtly ſuperſeded, I ſtill reckon myſelf their Servant. Nor do I decline an Examination of my private Life. If I am ſubject to Imperfections, I believe they are human, and venial. Here I ſtand ready to anſwer for them to the Nation in general, and to this reſpectable Society in particular. If any Perſon has Objections to ſtart, let him ſtand forth and challenge me Face to Face. I deſire to conceal Nothing. The whole Tenour of my Life has been ſuch that I need not bluſh at a ſingle Scene. The Publick, by your Aſſiſtance, has ſupported me with much Generoſity; and I ſhould be the baſeſt of Men if, in Return, I did not devote my Life to its Service. Hitherto I am not conſcious of having failed in my Part, and I am reſolved to adhere to the ſame Plan; and, if it ſhould be found neceſſary, to lay down my Life in the Cauſe of the Publick. That theſe my Intentions may not be fruſtrated I find it neceſſary to clear my Character of ſome late Aſperſions; and as I know no Body of Men who are more capable of doing Juſtice than this Society. I call upon my Accuſers to produce their Charges, while I am here to confute, or be confuted. Your Knowledge of the actual State of our Affairs will prevent the Diſpute from running to that enormous Length which a Newſpaper War muſt infallibly produce. Here there will be no Room for Subterfuges, Evaſions, or Miſrepreſentations. We muſt adhere to plain Matter of Fact, and the Affair will ſoon come to an Iſſue. If this Challenge ſhould be refuſed, you muſt naturally conclude that I am invulnerable, and that my Adverſaries are not ſo open and ingenuous as they pretend. Let them act as they pleaſe, I am reſolved to remain with you this Evening, both in Order to give them a fair Opportunity of making their Attack, and to prevent any diſagreeable Altercation which might ariſe from your not being acquainted with Facts."

The Reverend Mr. Horne ſaid, that he looked upon Mr. Wilkes's Speech as a Challenge to himſelf; that he would make no Profeſſions of Patriotiſm, but allow his Actions to ſpeak for themſelves; that, if he knew himſelf, his Principles were at leaſt as diſintereſted as thoſe of Mr. Wilkes; that he had never received a Sixpence for being a Patriot, but that he had expended many Pounds in the Cauſe, &c. &c. Thus he went on, in a vague and general Strain, defending his own Conduct, and caſting oblique Reflections on Mr. Wilkes; but as he never deſcended to Particulars, or attempted to prove any Charge againſt his Antagoniſt, it was moved that the Society ſhould approve of Mr. Wilkes's Conduct. Upon this Mr. Horne declared that they might as well expel him; and he propoſed, as an Amendment of the Motion, that Mr. Wilkes himſelf ſhould draw up the Reſolution. This Stroke of Humour was little regarded, and the Reſolution paſſed. Yet Mr. Horne ſtill remains unexpelled!

For the MORNING CHRONICLE.

A little TABLE TALK.

SIR,

THE Spit was drawn, the Pie come in, the Potatoes pared, and all before the Kitchen Fire, myſelf in the Dining Room had actually begun to nibble my Nails through very Hunger, all for Want of Mrs. Figg's Preſence. She was not abroad, Mr. Woodfall, for I heard her Voice in her own Room; I thought ſhe was documenting Betty for ſome Miſconduct. Poor Betty was below; ſhe heard her Miſtreſs alſo, and thought ſhe was demonſtrating, or remonſtrating, ſome Matter of Conſequence to me. We were both wrong, for my Wife was reading out "Serjeant Glynn's Speech when he made the Motion, &c." The Speech finiſhed, Mrs. Figg came directly into the Dining Room, and rung for Dinner. With the Carving Knife in her Hand, and juſt entering the Beef, Mr. Figg, ſays ſhe, are you a Judge of *Law* and *Fact*? My Dear, ſays I, you ſhall ſee my Judgment upon *Lean* and *Fat* as ſoon as you pleaſe to help me. I have been trying, ſays Mrs. Figg, if I could ſpeak the learned Serjeant's Sentiments with a tolerable Grace. I wiſh you had done it after Dinner, Madam, for it was too long a Grace before Meat; all the Things are Half cold. Well, Mr. Figg, ſays ſhe, I hope Mr. Glynn will revive the Motion, carry his Point, and make all the Jurymen in England Judges of Law as well as Fact, in all Caſes. Well, well, Mrs. Figg, if the Serjeant can, by any Sort of Motions, turn unlearned Jurors into Conjurors, I have no Manner of Objection. Come, my Dear, the Serjeant's Health. With all my Heart, ſays ſhe; and pray let the next Glaſs be to my Lord Chatham, which was done accordingly. Aye, aye, ſays Mrs. Figg, theſe two infirm old Gentlemen are the Supporters of Britannia and all her Concerns; ſhe leans upon them, while they lean upon Crutches! Is it ſo, my Dear? ſays I. Too true, Mr. Figg, too true. Why then, my dear Girl, thoſe Crutches are, truly and ſtrictly ſpeaking, the Props of the Nation. Too true, too true, Mr. Figg; and I thought ſhe dropped a Tear of pitiful Apprehenſion leſt theſe Sticks ſhould break, or their Owners drop off the Stage ſome Time or other. Come, come, my Dear, ſays I, though either of thoſe ſaid Cataſtrophes ſhould happen (if we get but ſafely over the ſecond of February) Britannia may yet do well, and Lord Chatham and the learned Serjeant, though dead, may yet ſpeak; for I would propoſe their Crutches to be ſuſpended for ever over the Heads of the Preſident of one Houſe, and the Speaker of the other, with a legible *Remember Me*, pendant from them. Don't you think, Love, this would be an Adequate, or a ſufficient Monitor and Terrour to arbitrary Miniſters, corrupt Judges, and all that are in Government? She gave me a Nod of Approbation, and ſo the Dinner was finiſhed.

Mr. Woodfall, I am, once more,
Your humble Servant,

R. FIGG.

EDINBURGH, *January* 22.

A particular Account of the Fire which broke out in the Lawn Market on Saturday laſt.

FOR the Satisfaction of our Country Readers, many of whom will, no Doubt, have near Connections, as well as the Sufferers, in the contiguous Buildings, and conſequently may naturally have been greatly alarmed, we ſhall now endeavour to be as particular on this Subject as poſſible.

The Fire was firſt diſcovered only a little before ſix o'Clock in the Evening, in the Garrets of the large Stone Tenement at the Head of the old Bank Cloſe, though it had by that Time got a great Length, and baffled all the Efforts that were made to put an immediate Stop to it, by its having communicated itſelf to the Story below, when it burnt with amazing Violence, eſpecially on the back Side. Here, therefore, the principal Strength of the Fire Engines was directed, by being placed in Gosford's Cloſe and the old Bank Cloſe, while one from Leith played in the Front. All Means, however, to ſtop its Progreſs downwards, proved abortive. It deſcended with amazing Rapidity, untill it got to the ſecond Story, when many People flattered themſelves with the Hopes of its being got the better of, by the Furniture having been all got out, and the Lining of the Rooms, as well as every other Piece of Timber Work about them, being knocked down and thrown over the Windows. Theſe neceſſary Precautions, however, were equally unſucceſsful with every other which had been formerly put in Execution; and though its Appearance was far from being ſo alarming as when in the upper Stories, as there was ſo little Fuel left, yet it was found impoſſible to prevent its reaching the Shops on the Street, which it accordingly did, and the Fire was not entirely extinguiſhed until yeſterday Morning at eight o'Clock. The Shops were poſſeſſed by Meſſ. Dalgleiſh and Henderſon, Grocers, and by Mr. Rhonaldſon, Baker; the firſt Story by General Lockhart of Carnwath, the ſecond by Mr. Porterfield, the third by Hay Campbell, Eſquire, Advocate, the fourth by Mr. John Bell, Writer to the Signet, the fifth by John Hume, Eſquire, of Ninewells; and the Garrets, we hear, were occupied, at Times, by the Servants of ſome of the Gentlemen in the under Stories. Mr. Cunningham's Houſe, Writer to the Signet, was the next adjoining in the back Part; but by the Gable Wall being very thick and ſtrong, it remained untouched by the Fire. Various are the Accounts which have been circulated concerning the Beginning of this melancholy Affair; but as we do not chooſe to give any Thing to the Publick on vague Reports, we ſhall be ſilent on that Head, farther than juſt obſerving that it is more than probable it was occaſioned by the Negligence or Careleſſneſs of thoſe Servants who had been in the Garrets in the early Part of the Afternoon.

We cannot enough applaud the publick ſpirited Conduct of ſeveral Gentlemen of this City, ſhown ſo conſpicuouſly in the Part they acted on this Occaſion, who were equally aſſiduous and enterprizing, in endeavouring to put a Stop to the Conflagration, with the Firemen, and other Tradeſmen, aſſembled for that Purpoſe. They could not, indeed, be more ſo; for the only Emulation among the Whole ſeemed to be who ſhould be moſt forward in ſtopping the Flames, or preventing their ſpreading farther, regardleſs of Danger, and every other Conſideration. To the proper Directions given by the Magiſtrates, and this intrepid and Praiſe-worthy Spirit

in the Gentlemen and Firemen, is to be attributed, in an eminent Degree, the confining of a Fire which once threatened Deftruction and Devaſtation to the whole Side of the Street within the Walls of the Tenement where it firſt began, though the very next Land to it was a wooden One. Two of the People employed in theſe laudable Attempts, one of the name of Mitchell, a Carpenter, and the other Robertſon, a Cadie, unhappily periſhed, by the Roof falling in; and ſeveral more were greatly bruiſed and ſcorched, whom the Magiſtrates have ordered all imaginable Care to be taken of. The two unfortunate Sufferers were this Day interred, whoſe Funerals were attended by the Magiſtrates, and many of the principal Inhabitants.

It is impoſſible to deſcribe the Fear and Conſternation with which the Breaſts of moſt People were filled who had their Dwellings near the Place at which the Fire broke out, as it had ſo dreadful an Appearance. Every One was anxious to ſave their moſt valuable Furniture, expecting an immediate Viſitation of this Calamity; and many, we are afraid, will be great Loſers, by truſting their Effects to thoſe Miſcreants who are always ready to offer their Aſſiſtance upon ſuch Occaſions, in Order the more effectually to plunder the diſtreſſed. The Magiſtrates, who conſtantly attended the Fire, in Order to prevent the wicked Deſigns of ſuch Wretches as much as poſſible, applied for, and obtained, a Party of the Military from the Caſtle, whom they ſtationed at proper Places, to prevent thieving; and alſo gave Orders for the New Church to be opened, for the Reception of the Goods and Furniture of thoſe who reſided below the Fire, and the Weigh Houſe for thoſe who reſided above it. And this Day a Proclamation was iſſued, for the Owners to appear and claim them; and for every One, in whoſe Cuſtody any Goods were lodged, without knowing the proper Owners, to bring them to the Council Chamber, in Order to be claimed.

We hear the moſt Part of this once ſpacious and elegant Tenement was enſured in the Edinburgh Friendly Enſurance Office, except the Shops, which we hear are enſured in the Sun Fire Office.

We had almoſt forgot to mention the neceſſary and active Part the Brewers in this City and Suburbs took in this common Calamity. To their Praiſe be it ſaid, Nothing was wanting on their Part to ſupply the Engines with Water, having their Carts conſtantly employed in driving it in Barrels from all Corners to the Fire.

We hear that a ſtrong Box, belonging to Mr. Hume of Ninewells, containing ſome very valuable Papers, is found, but that it is almoſt the only Thing in his Houſe which has eſcaped the Flames.

Extract of a Letter from Kirkwall, *January* 5.

"About a Month ago a very ſingular Circumſtance happened near this Place. A Gentlewoman, in the eighty ſeventh Year of her Age, had her great Grandaughter married about twelve Months ago, whoſe Age was then eighteen, and who was delivered about eleven Months after her Marriage; ſo that the old Gentlewoman has lived to ſee her Grandchild's Grandchild. There are two ſimilar Caſes with this, taken Notice of by Mr. Derham, in his Phyſico-Theology; and I do not remember to have met with any other in Story. One of them is related of Mrs. Mary Honywood, of Charing, in Kent, who died in the ninety third Year of her Age. The other is one of the Dalburg's Family, of Baſil, in a Diſtich in Latin, in Engliſh thus: "Riſe Daughter and go to thy Daughter, for thy Daughter's Daughter has a Daughter."

BOSTON, *March* 18.

Extract of a Letter from the Right Honourable the Counteſs of Huntingdon, *received a few Days ago by the December Packet.*

I CANNOT expreſs how much I feel myſelf obliged by your moſt kind Attentions ſhown to me in communicating, with ſo much Tenderneſs and Reſpect to dear Mr. WHITEFIELD, the Account of his falling aſleep. Thirty Years very intimate Friendſhip with him muſt make it a ſevere Stroke to all the remaining Self Love that it found in his Friends. I loved him, and highly honoured him, and this from the fulleſt Conviction that an honeſter Man, a more faithful Miniſter of the Goſpel, and one ſo highly favoured of GOD, I have never known, and this through and to the End of his bleſſed Pilgrimage on Earth."

At the Town Meeting laſt Tueſday was read an elegant and pathetick Letter from the famous Doctor Lucas, of Dublin, in Anſwer to one ſent him by the Committee appointed to tranſmit the Account of the Maſſacre to Europe. In this Letter the Doctor ſympathiſes with his American Fellow Sufferers, and enumerates ſo many Inſtances of military Barbarity, Inſolence, and unbounded Licentiouſneſs, as demonſtrates that Law is the Will of the Miniſtry for that Kingdom. He laments the Ignorance, Difference in Religion, and conſequent Want of Unanimity, in the People, which render them an eaſy Prey to any Kind of Force that would enſlave them; profeſſes a high Eſteem for America, and ſtill hopes the unanimous Efforts of her wiſe and virtuous Children will have much Effect towards a general Reſtoration of conſtitutional Liberty.

Charles Bourgarte, the French Boy who was convicted of Perjury, was yeſterday ſentenced to be ſet in the Pillory for the Space of one Hour, to be whipped twenty five Stripes, and to pay Coſts.

NEW YORK, *March* 25.

ON Monday laſt was celebrated, at the Houſe of Mr. De La Montagnie, the Anniverſary of the Repeal of the Stamp Act, where a great Number of the principal Inhabitants of this City, Friends to Liberty and Trade, dined on an elegant Entertainment which was there prepared. The Day was ſpent with the greateſt Cheerfulneſs and good Order, and the following Toaſts were drank on the memorable Occaſion.

1. The King. 2. The Queen. 3. The Prince of Wales, and Royal Family. 4. Lord Dunmore, and the Province. 5. The Lieutenant Governour, and the Honourable Members of his Majeſty's Council. 6. Our preſent worthy General Aſſembly. 7. His Worſhip the Mayor and Corporation. 8. Great Britain and her Colonies, Infamy and Diſgrace to the Enemies of either. 9. Navy and Army. 10. The Man who having ſaved the Parent pleaded with Succeſs for her Children. 11. The Marquis of Rockingham, and the reſt of the patriotick Miniſtry in the Year 1766. 12. The glorious Majority of both Houſes of Parliament in 1766. 13. The ſpirited Burgeſſes of Virginia in 1765. 14. The Pennſylvania Farmer. 15. May his Majeſty never want a Pitt at the Head of his Miniſtry, or a Pratt to preſide at his Courts of Juſtice. 16. Alderman Wilkes. 17. Doctor Lucas. 18. Loyalty, Unanimity, and Perſeverance, to the true Sons of Liberty in America. 19. May the Authors of Diſcord, and Prompters of inteſtine Feuds, meet with their juſt Demerits. 20. Proſperity to Ireland, and the worthy Sons and Daughters of St. Patrick. 21. The German Proteſtants throughout the World. 22. The American Aſſemblies who treated a certain miniſterial Mandate with the Contempt it deſerved. 23. May the illuſtrious Houſe of Hanover rule the Britiſh Empire to the End of Time. 24. An honourable Accommodation, or a ſpeedy and ſucceſsful War. 25. Trade and Navigation. 26. The Chamber of Commerce. 27. The Marine Society. 28. Liberty of the Preſs. 29. The Enemies of Oppreſſion and arbitrary Power in Great Britain and elſewhere. 30. The Day.

Meſſages of civil Compliment were exchanged by thoſe Gentlemen and the Friendly Brothers of St. Patrick, who dined at the Queen's Head Tavern; as alſo with a Number of other Gentlemen who dined at Proteſtant Hall, at Mr. Samuel Waldron's, on Long Iſland.

On the 24th of laſt Month died at Roxbury, near Boſton (New England) in the 77th Year of his Age, his Excellency WILLIAM SHIRLEY, Eſquire, formerly Governour of that Province, and a Lieutenant General in his Majeſty's Army.

The Lord Hyde Packet, Captain Goddard, arrived at Falmouth in twenty Days from this Port.

WILLIAMSBURG, *April* 18.

On Tueſday, Yeſterday, and this Day, the following Criminals were brought to their Trials at the General Court, namely:

RICHARD Sowerbout, from Cheſterfield, for Felony: Guilty. Peter Brown, from Dinwiddie, for grand Larceny: Guilty. Moſes Grimes, from King George, for Felony: Acquitted. Henry Parmiſter, from Hampſhire, for Murder: Guilty. Charles Diall (alias Jones) from Amelia, for Felony: Acquitted. Mary Staunton, from Norfolk, for Felony: Acquitted. Emilia Whiting, from Fauquier, for the Murder of her Child: Acquitted. John Thompſon, from Charles City, for Felony: Acquitted. Charles Oates (alias Jackſon) from York, for Burglary: Guilty. Matthias Nuttle, from Amelia, for Horſeſtealing: Acquitted. Henry Collier, from Surry, for Murder: Guilty of Manſlaughter. James M'Douall, from Spotſylvania, for Felony: Laid over until June.

Thomas Sampſon, from Glouceſter, for Murder, takes his Trial tomorrow; it is imagined he will be acquitted.

The PRINTER *to the Author of a Piece ſigned* A VIRGINIAN.

SIR,

I RECEIVED your Performance, with the Caſh you incloſed for its Publication; *and whereas* (to uſe your own elegant Language) *after a[ll] examination of the Contents (though I fancy your epiſtolary Abilities expected Preeminence,* as I don't think it worth While [to] with the Whole of your Piece) *yet, being undoubtedly [of] I have, very conſcientiouſly,* inſerted as much as, I [Sh]illings will pay for; and for the reſt, *as conſidering [the] Diſpoſal* now *inveſted in me, converted it to that ſervile [pur]poſe could only be adapted.*

C

[*Deaths.*] Mrs. CATHARINE DAVENPORT, Relict of Mr. George Davenport, late of this City.

*** *In the Writ ſigned by Mr. Richard Kello, Clerk of Southampton, directed to the Sheriff of that County, and publiſhed for ſeveral Weeks in this Paper, we made the following Miſtake: Chaplain Williams was called Captain Williams, Son and Heir at Law of Captain Williams, whereas the Summons ought to have been for* Chaplain Williams, Son and Heir at Law of Chaplain Williams, deceaſed, to appear, *&c.*

Advertiſements.

APRIL 18, 1771.

THE Naval Officers, and County Court Clerks, are deſired to pay the Emoluments of Government that will be due to me the 25th of this Month to the Treaſurer, who is ſo obliging as to undertake to receive them for me.

W. NELSON.

For CHARTER,

THE Ship JOHNSTON, *Thomas Wilſon* Maſter, Burthen about three Hundred Tuns, mounting fourteen Guns, and Men in Proportion. For Terms apply to *Hepburn* and *Mitchell*, or the Commander.

PORTSMOUTH, *April* 16, 1771.

WANTED,

A JOURNEYMAN who underſtands the Riding Chair Buſineſs; ſuch a One will meet with good Encouragement by applying to the Subſcriber, in *Peterſburg*. 2‖ WILLIAM BRADLEY.

To be SOLD *by Wholeſale, at the Store lately kept by* Smith & Jameſon,

THE GOODS now on Hand, amounting to upwards of eight Hundred Pounds Sterling. The Invoices may be ſeen, and the Terms known, by applying to LAWRENCE SMITH.

*** As very little Regard has been paid to my former Advertiſement, thoſe indebted to the Store muſt blame themſelves if they find their Accounts in the Hands of an Attorney immediately after the General Court.

WILLIAMSBURG, *April* 18, 1771.

JUST imported, an Aſſortment of Articles ſuitable for the Seaſon; alſo a large Quantity of *Scotch* THREADS of all Sorts, which I ſell Wholeſale and Retail very reaſonable.

JACOB ALLAN.

N. B. Thoſe Gentlemen that uſed to lodge at the late Mrs. *Davenport's* may depend on good Accommodation for themſelves and Horſes, as uſual.

AS twelve Months are nearly expired ſince the Store kept at *Todd's*, on Account of Meſſ. *M'Call* and *Elliot*, of *Glaſgow*, by the Subſcriber, has been diſcontinued, it is expected that ſuch Perſons as are indebted there will be ready, upon Application, to diſcharge their reſpective Balances; and it may be depended upon that ſuch as do not will be ſued, as the Indulgence already given the Cuſtomers has been ſuch that no farther can be allowed, or reaſonably expected.

I have about fourteen Hundred Pounds Sterling worth of GOODS, which I would ſell cheap.

Tf ROBINSON DAINGERFIELD.

ROCKY RIDGE, *April* 2, 1771.

THE Subſcribers having filled up a Tobacco Note, No. 1867, 1228, 137, 1091 neat, payable to *William Mills*, dated *Rocky Ridge* Warehouſe, *March* 28, 1771, which is ſuppoſed to have been taken off their Table by ſome ill deſigning Perſon: This is to forewarn any Perſon from purchaſing the ſaid Tobacco Note, as another Note was granted *Mills* for the ſame.

SCOTT & BRANCH, Inſpectors.

Juſt imported in the Nelly *Frigat, Captain* Archibald Greig, *from* London,

A LARGE Aſſortment of DRUGS and MEDICINES, to be ſold by the Subſcriber, Wholeſale or Retail, at a low Advance, for ready Money. ALEXANDER GORDON.

JOURNEYMEN TAILORS will meet with good Encouragement by applying to the Subſcriber, at *Oſborne's* Warehouſe, in *Cheſterfield* County.

2‖ WILLIAM SKINNER.

To be SOLD at Fredericksburg, *on* Thurſday *the 20th of* June, *being* Spotſylvania *Court Day*,

THE DWELLINGHOUSE now poſſeſſed by me, with the Timber Yard adjoining, whereon are erected a Kitchen, Smokehouſe, and every Convenience neceſſary for a Family; it is ſituated on the main Street in *Fredericksburg*, and may be eaſily converted into a Store. Credit will be given until *October* General Court for one Half the Money, and until *April* General Court for the other Half.

9 THOMAS MILLER.

For SALE,

A TRACT of LAND in *Mecklenburg* County, on the Head of *Butcher's* Creek, containing one Thouſand four Hundred and ninety Acres; it will be laid off in ſmall Parcels. Any One inclinable to purchaſe may ſee the Land, and know the Terms, by applying to Mr. *Lewis Burwell* of the ſaid County. JOHN BURWELL.

To be SOLD *to the higheſt Bidder, on the Premiſes, on* Thurſday *the 6th of* June,

A TRACT of LAND in *Dinwiddie* County, containing about five Hundred Acres, whereon *Mary Winſton* lately lived. There is on the ſaid Land a large new Dwellinghouſe, and all neceſſary Outhouſes; the Plantation is in good Order for Cropping with ten Hands; it is about thirty Miles from *Peterſburg*. Credit will be given until the firſt of *January* 1772.

And on *Monday* the 29th Inſtant *(April)* will be ſold, at the ſame Place, all the perſonal Eſtate of the ſaid *Mary Winſton*, conſiſting of HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, and HOGS, and various Kinds of HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE. The Credit for the ſaid perſonal Eſtate to be agreed on at the Day of Sale.

2‖ JOHN COLEMAN, Executor.

To be SOLD *to the higheſt Bidder, for ready Money, on the 24th of this Inſtant* (April) *on the Premiſes*,

A TRACT of LAND lying in *Amelia* County, upon *Cellar* Creek, containing, by Eſtimation, one Hundred Acres; alſo three *Virginia* born SLAVES, by Virtue of a Deed of Truſt made to me by *Abraham Wells*. 1‖ HERBERT HAYNES.

To be SOLD, *and entered on at* Chriſtmas,

A PLANTATION on *Bennet's* Creek, in the County of *Nanſemond*, containing, by Eſtimation, one Hundred and forty five Acres, with good Improvements thereon. For Terms apply to *Wills Cowper*, in *Suffolk*.

RUN away from *Charles City*, in *September* 1769, a Negro Fellow named CHARLES, of a yellow Complexion, about ſeven and twenty Years of Age, five Feet eight or nine Inches high, and is an artful cunning Fellow; had on, and carried with him, when he went away, ſundry Clothes, but of what Sort more than common is not remembered, only a Beatſkin great Coat, and a Pair of large Silver Shoe Buckles. He is a Sawer and Shoemaker by Trade, and carried with him his Shoemaker's Tools. The Fellow reads well, and is a great Preacher, from which I imagine he will paſs for a Freeman. I hereby offer a Reward of FIVE POUNDS for apprehending him, if taken in the Colony; if out of it, TEN POUNDS. SARAH FLOYD.

N. B. The above Fellow ran away the 16th of *February* 1765, and was abſent near two Years.

RUN away laſt *June* was a Twelvemonth, out of *Albemarle* County, a Negro Man named JAMES. He is a pretty large Fellow, and had on, when he went away, an Oſnabrug Shirt, Cotton Jacket and Breeches; his Coat has Hearts on the Hips behind, and on the Shoulders, doubled and quilted, with Horn Buttons; he has loſt a Piece of one, or each, of his Ears, and has a large Beard. He is about eight and twenty Years old; a *Virginia* born Fellow, and ſpeaks very good *Engliſh*. He has been taken up in *Glouceſter* County, and was brought into *Louiſa*, from whence he made his Eſcape, and is ſuppoſed to have made down that Way again. Whoever takes up the ſaid Fellow, and convey him to me in *Buckingham*, near *Willis's* Creek, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS Reward, beſides what the Law allows.

2‖ JOHN BUSH.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, at *Oſborne's* Warehouſe, on *Tueſday* the 2d Inſtant *(April)* a Negro Fellow named NED, about five Feet ten Inches high, well made, and remarkably black. He is a *Virginia* born Negro, and very ſenſible; on one Side of his Mouth (but which I cannot recollect) there is a Scar; when he ſpeaks quick he ſtammers a little, and is ſomewhat addicted to drinking. He had Changes of Apparel, ſo that I cannot deſcribe that in which he went off. As he has a Wife at Mr. *Peterfield Trent's*, in *Sherlee*, it is moſt probable he may be lurking about the Falls of *James* River. Whoever will bring the ſaid Runaway to me here, or ſecure him where I may get him, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, beſides what the Law allows. 2‖ JOHN B. FOESE.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, on *Tueſday* the 26th of *March*, a likely *Virginia* born Negro Man named CANDLEMAS, of a yellow Complexion, about nineteen Years of Age, five Feet ſix or ſeven Inches high, and has a Scar on the right Side of his Face. He had on, and took with him, white plain Jacket and Breeches, a ſhort black ſpotted Cotton double breaſted Jacket, a *Virginia* Cloth Jacket without Sleeves, checked with blue and red. He formerly belonged to Mr. *Holt Richeſon* of *King William*, and I imagine is gone there again. Whoever will bring the ſaid Slave to me, near *Beaſil's* Bridge, in *Amelia*, ſhall have THREE POUNDS Reward.

2‖ JOHN ELLINGTON.

ISLE of WIGHT, *April* 25, 1771.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, the Beginning of this Month, a Negro Fellow named BURTON, about five Feet four Inches high, of a yellow Complexion, has blue ſpotted Negro Jacket and Breeches, and an Oſnabrug Shirt. He was taken up ſome Time ago, and made his Eſcape by cutting his Overſeer in ſeveral Places with a Knife. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Slave, and ſecures him ſo that I may get him again, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, beſides what the Law allows.

2‖ GEORGE NARSWORTHY.

*** All Maſters of Veſſels are forewarned from carrying him out of the Country, as he is outlawed.

TAKEN up, in *Cumberland*, a pied Cow marked with a Crop and two Slits in each Ear; alſo a brindled YEARLING marked with a Crop and two Slits in the right Year, and a Crop and Underkeel in the left. Poſted, and appraiſed to fifty five Shillings.

SAMUEL HYDE SAUNDERS.

TAKEN up, in *York* County, a ſmall black MARE, has no Brand that I can perceive, two white Feet, a Switch Tail, and hanging Mane. Poſted, and appraiſed to fifty Shillings.

‖ CHARLES HANSFORD.

TAKEN up, at the *Little Fork*, in *Culpeper*, a black HORSE COLT about two Years old, neither dockt nor branded. Poſted, and appraiſed to fifty Shillings. ‖ HERMAN BACK.

TAKEN up, in *Suſſex*, near *Surry* old Courthouſe, about the Middle of *February* laſt, a Mouſe colcured MARE, but ſince ſhe ſhedded is a dark bay; ſhe is about four Feet five Inches high, docked, but has no Brand perceivable, and is about fifteen Years old. Poſted, and appraiſed to forty Shillings. ‖ LAURENCE SMITH.

TAKEN up, in *Dinwiddie*, a dark bay HORSE with a Blaze in his Face, ſhod before, has a Switch Tail and hanging Mane, about four Feet ſeven or eight Inches high, nine or ten Years old, and branded on the near Buttock IF. Poſted, and appraiſed to eight Pounds.

‖ RICHARD NEWMAN.

TAKEN up, in *Albemarle*, a white MARE about twelve or thirteen Years old, very much fleabitten, about four Feet three or four Inches high, her Mane has been roached, and her Tail bobbed, branded on the near Buttock H, with a middling ſized Bell on. Poſted, and appraiſed to four Pounds. BENJAMIN THURMOND.

TAKEN up, in *Spotſylvania*, a ſmall black MARE, branded on the off Buttock T; ſhe is undocked, and has a large Star in her Forehead. Poſted, and appraiſed to three Pounds ten Shillings.

‖ GEORGE FULLER HARRIS.

TAKEN up, in *Pittſylvania*, on *Sandy* River, a ſorrel Horſe, blind of his right Eye, branded on the right Buttock X, has a ſmall Star in his Face, ſeveral Saddle Spots on his Back, and had on a ſmall Bell. Poſted, and appraiſed to ſix Pounds ten Shillings.

‖ JOSEPH CUNINGHAM.

APRIL 7, 1771.

THIS is to give Notice to all my Creditors that I intend to take the Benefit of the Inſolvent Act at *Cumberland* Court in *April*. 1‖ HARTWELL MACON.

FIFTY very fine SLAVES, Men, Women, Boys, and Girls (among them ſome good Tradeſmen) will be ſold in *Williamſburg*, on *Wedneſday* the 8th of *May*, for ready Money, before the *Raleigh* Tavern.

APRIL 5, 1771.

ABOUT twenty likely SLAVES, *Virginia* born (Men, Women, Boys, and Girls) will be ſold at *Amelia* Courthouſe, on *Thurſday* the 25th Inſtant, being Court Day, for ready Money, or good Merchants Notes payable at the *June* Court of *Oyer*; for which the Purchaſers will have an indiſputable Title made to them.

WANTED *in* NORBORNE *Pariſh*, Frederick *County*, A SCHOOLMASTER well qualified to teach Writing and Arithmetick; if *Latin* alſo, the more agreeable, and the Salary enlarged. It will not be expected that he ſhould teach more than fifteen or twenty Scholars. For farther Particulars inquire of the Printer of this Paper; or of *J. Nourſe* at *Piedmont*, in the ſaid County. None need apply but ſuch as can have an undoubted Character for Diligence and Sobriety.

N. B. It is thought a Dancing Maſter likewiſe would meet with Encouragement in the above County. 12

To be SOLD at Fredericksburg, *on* Monday *the 20th of* May, *being Fair Day*,

ABOUT fifty choice SLAVES, uſed to Cropping and Farming; for which twelve Months Credit will be allowed, on Bond, with Security, bearing Intereſt from the Date. Five per Cent. diſcounted for ready Money.

I have alſo ſome other Slaves to diſpoſe of at private Sale, among whom are two Houſe Carpenters and Coopers, a Ship Carpenter and Caulker, three Watermen (one of whom has gone Skipper of a Sloop for ſome Years paſt, and is well acquainted with the Bay and moſt of the Rivers in *Virginia* and *Maryland*) with a few Houſe Servants.

I will likewiſe ſell the Plantation whereon I now live, in *King George* County, oppoſite to *Fredericksburg* (with or without the Ferry) with another valuable Plantation at the *Great Marſh*, in *Fauquier* County. Both of them are laid down in Farm, and may be had with or without the Slaves, Stocks, and Corn thereon. Credit (if required) will be extended to one, two, or three Years, to ſuit the Purchaſer.

JAMES HUNTER.

To be SOLD, *on* Monday *the 29th of this Inſtant* (April) *at* Thomas Gilliam's, *Senior, in* Southampton,

A PIECE of exceeding good TOBACCO LAND, containing four Hundred and twenty nine Acres. Two Hundred and fifty Pounds to be paid down; and twelve Months Credit for the Remainder, the Purchaſer giving Bond, with approved Security, to

HENRY HARRISON.

POETS CORNER.

The HERMIT.

AT the Close of the Day, when the Hamlet is ſtill,
And Mortals the Sweets of Forgetfulneſs prove,
When Nought but the Torrent is heard on the Hill,
And Nought but the Nightingale's Song in the Grove;
'Twas then, by the Cave of a Mountain, reclin'd,
An Hermit his nightly Complaint thus began,
Though mournful his Voice, his Heart was reſign'd,
He thought as a Sage, but he felt as a Man.

" Ah, why thus abandon'd to Mourning and Wo!
" Why thus, lonely Philomel, flows thy ſad Strain!
" For Spring ſhall return, and a Lover beſtow,
" And thy Boſom no Trace of Dejection retain:
" Yet if Pity inſpire thee, ah! ceaſe not thy Lay,
" Mourn, ſweeteſt Complainer, Man calls thee to mourn;
" O ſoothe him whoſe Pleaſures, like thine, paſs away,
" Full ſwiftly they paſs, but they never return.

" Now gliding remote on the Verge of the Sky,
" The Moon, Half extinct, her wan Crescent diſplays;
" Yet lately I ſaw, where majeſtick, on high,
" She ſhone, and the Stars were conceal'd in her Rays.
" Roll on, thou fair Orb, and with Gladneſs purſue
" The Path that conducts thee to Splendour again;
" But Man's faded Glory no Change ſhall renew,
" Ah! Fool, to exult in a Glory ſo vain.

" 'Tis dark, and the Landſcape is lovely no more,
" I mourn not, ye Woodlands, I mourn not for you;
" For Morn ſhall return, all your Charms to reſtore,
" Perfum'd with freſh Fragrance, and glittering with Dew;
" Nor yet for the Ravage of Winter I mourn,
" Kind Nature the Embryo Bloſſoms ſhall ſave;
" But when ſhall Spring viſit the mouldering Urn!
" Oh! when ſhall it dawn on the Gloom of the Grave!"

GENERAL POST OFFICE, New York, *January* 22, 1771.

HIS Majeſty's Poſtmaſter General having (for the better facilitating of Correſpondence between *Great Britain* and *America*) been pleaſed to add a fifth Packet Boat to the Station between *Falmouth* and *New York*, Notice is hereby given that the Mail, for the future, will be cloſed, at the Poſt Office in *New York*, at twelve of the Clock at Night, on the firſt *Tueſday* in every Month, and deſpatched by a Packet, the next Day, for *Falmouth*.

By Commands of the Deputy Poſtmaſter General.
ALEXANDER COLDEN, Secretary.

Juſt IMPORTED *in the* Matty, *Captain* Fox, *and to be ſold reaſonably by the Subſcriber, in* Williamſburg,

A LARGE Aſſortment of DRUGS and MEDICINES; alſo white and brown Sugar Candy, *Spaniſh* Licorice, Grots, Iſinglaſs, Prunes, Pearl Barley, Sago, Salop, Hartſhorn Shavings, Saltpetre, Borax, Salad Oil, Barbers Oil, Oil Cloth, *Hungary* and Lavender Waters, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, Ginger, Pepper, Allſpice, Sticking Plaſter, *Hill*'s Elixir Bardana, Eſſence of Water Dock, Tincture of Valerian, Tincture of Golden Rod, Jeſuits Drops, Lancets, *Anderſon*'s and *Ruckyer*'s Pills, *James*'s Powders, Anodyne Necklaces, *Stoughton*'s, *Daffy*'s, and *Squire*'s Elixirs, *Frances*'s Female Strengthening Elixir, *Turlington*'s and *Fryar*'s Balſams, *Bateman*'s Drops, *Freeman*'s and *Godfrey*'s Cordials, *Britiſh* Oil, Verdigriſe, Vermilion, Gold and Silver Leaf, *Dutch* Metal, Breaſt Pipes and Nipple Glaſſes, Oil of Turpentine, Rotten Stone, Roſin, Copperas, Logwood in Chips, Blue Stone, Potaſh, Alum, Brimſtone, *Greenough*'s Tincture, Tooth Brufhes, Clyſter Pipes, *&c. &c. &c.*

JAMES CARTER.

To be SOLD *for ready Money, at the* Raleigh, *on* Thurſday *the* 2*d of* May,

SUNDRY fine *Virginia* born SLAVES, belonging to the Eſtate of Mr. *Charles Blacknall*, deceaſed.

MARY BLACKNALL, } Executors.
JOHN DIXON, }

*** Likewiſe a good CHARIOT, and HARNESS for four Horſes.

To be SOLD *by Auction, by Virtue of a Deed of Truſt from* William Cole, *for the Benefit of his Creditors, at* Charles City *Courthouſe, on the firſt* Wedneſday *in* May,

TWENTY five valuable *Virginia* born SLAVES, and ſundry Leaſes of the *Buckland* Tract of Land lying in the ſaid County, granted for three Lives and twenty one Years, to the Amount of about three Hundred Pounds a Year; and on the next Day will be ſold at *Swinyard*'s, at the Houſe of the ſaid *William Cole*, a large Stock of CATTLE, HORSES, HOGS, and SHEEP, with all the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE of the ſaid *Cole*. The Slaves and Leaſes will be ſold for three Years Credit, *viz.* three yearly Payments, the firſt without Intereſt, and the two laſt with Intereſt. The Stocks, *&c.* will be ſold on twelve Months Credit. Bond and Security for the Whole to be made by the Purchaſers to the Honourable *William Byrd*, Eſquire.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Lancaſter*, on the 24th of *December* laſt, a ſlim Negro Fellow named WILL, about five Feet ten Inches high, between thirty and forty Years of Age, and has been bred to Gardening and taking Care of Horſes. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Fellow, ſo as I get him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS Reward; and if brought to my Houſe, FIVE POUNDS.

1 JOHN WORMELEY.

CULPEPER, *April* 1, 1771.

RUN away from their Maſter, this Day, two *Iriſh* Servant Men. One named THOMAS TODD, five Feet ſeven or eight Inches high, of a reddiſh Complexion, wears his own long Hair, is a Shoemaker by Trade, and has ſtolen all my Tools; he took with him a Pair of *Ruſſia* Drill Breeches, a Sailor's Pea Fearnought Jacket, Check and brown Sheeting Shirts, and I believe a white One. The other named DENNIS FERRELL, five Feet two or three Inches high, of a whitiſh Complexion, and is a Miller by Trade; he had on Cotton Velvet Breeches, a brown coloured Coat, and ſuch a Jacket and Shirts as the other. Each of them ſtole a Horſe; one a large dark bay, branded on the near Buttock reſembling NL in a Piece, was gored in the Belly laſt *Auguſt*, and his Guts ſhow through the Rim on the off Side; the other a ſorrel, with a bald Face, and branded on the near Shoulder W. They alſo ſtole a Bearſkin great Coat with Metal Buttons, a Pair of neat ſtitched Pumps, two Pair of Womens Shoes, ſome upper Leather, and two Mens Saddles, one of them new. Whoever will apprehend the ſaid Runaways, and bring them to me, or ſecure them ſo as I get them again, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS Reward.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS.

TAKEN up, in *Spotſylvania*, a ſmall Bull Stag, of a reddiſh Colour, with ſundry white Spots about him, white Face and Legs, and is above five Years old; marked with a Crop, Slit, and Underkeel in the right Ear, and a Crop in the left. Poſted, and appraiſed to thirty five Shillings.

1 JOHN WALLER.

TAKEN up, in *Cumberland*, a white Mare about four Feet five or ſix Inches high, branded on the near Buttock XD, and has got on a Bell marked A C. Poſted, and appraiſed to five Pounds.

1 WILLIAM HAMBLETON.

CUMBERLAND County, *March* 25, 1771.

EDWARD CARRINGTON intends to leave this Colony in a very ſhort Time.

THOMAS GLASS,

GOLDSMITH and JEWELLER,

HEREBY informs the Publick that he has opened Shop in the Town of *Hanover*, where Ladies and Gentlemen may be ſupplied with Plate and Jewellery in the moſt faſhionable Taſte, and on reaſonable Terms. He alſo cleans and repairs CLOCKS and WATCHES in the neateſt and beſt Manner.

FOUND, *ſome Time ago*,

A REMARKABLE SILVER WATCH, which the Owner may have on proving his Property, paying the Charge of this Advertiſement, and giving a ſmall Gratuity to the Finder. Inquire at the Poſt Office.

NEWMARKET, *March* 28, 1771.

FEARNOUGHT

will cover the enſuing Seaſon, as uſual.

2 JOHN BAYLOR.

FREDERICKSBURG, *March* 23, 1771.

I INTEND to take Shipping for *London* in *Auguſt* next, and to be back here early the enſuing Spring, and earneſtly requeſt all thoſe whoſe Accounts and Bonds are now due to this Concern, and at the Store kept by me here, to make ſpeedy Payments, which will greatly oblige me. In my Abſence the Buſineſs will be carried on by Mr. *Hugh Stuart*, whoſe Tranſactions with my good old Cuſtomers (or whatever good new Ones chooſe to trade or have Dealings here) will, I am perſuaded, give univerſal Satisfaction.

GEORGE MITCHELL.

N. B. I intend, in about a Month hence, to move to a Store on the ſouth Side of the Street, almoſt oppoſite to this, and juſt above the *Long* Ordinary.

WILLIAMSBURG, *April* 4, 1771.

ALL Perſons who have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of Mr. *Frederick Bryan*, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend their Accounts, properly proved, to *William Trebell*, and they ſhall be immediately diſcharged. Thoſe who have Money belonging to the Eſtate, on Bond, are requeſted to diſcharge the Intereſt to the Time of Mr. *Bryan*'s Death; or the Principal will be called for, without farther Notice, by

WILLIAM TREBELL,
WILLIAM MOODY, Junior, } Executors.
FREDERICK BRYAN,

FREDERICKSBURG, *March* 26, 1771.

ALL Perſons indebted to Meſſ. *Robert* and *Robert Bogle* and *Scott*, of *London*, are hereby deſired to pay off their Accounts to Mr. *William Bogle*, who will attend at next General Court, and is fully empowered by the Subſcriber for that Purpoſe. As the utmoſt Indulgence has already been granted, thoſe who fail to ſettle their Accounts with him then will be ſued immediately.

JAMES ROBB.

To be SOLD, *on* Thurſday *the* 25*th Inſtant, at* Hicks's *Ford, in* Brunſwick *County, for ready Money, or Merchants Notes payable the laſt of the Court*,

TWENTY five choice *Virginia* born SLAVES, amongſt which are ſome valuable Houſe Servants. An indiſputable Title will be made the Purchaſers on the Day of Sale. Should the Day prove bad, they will be ſold the next fair Day.

To be SOLD, *on long Credit, the three following Tracts of* LAND, viz.

ONE Tract containing four Hundred Acres, lying in *Spotſylvania* County, on the Head of *Bluff* Run, about eighteen Miles from *Fredericksburg*. One other Tract lying in *Amherſt* County, on *Owen*'s Creek, containing four Hundred Acres; it is well timbered, and a good Soil for Tobacco and *Indian* Corn. One Tract lying in *Pittſylvania* County, on *Sycamore* Creek, near Captain *Benjamin Clements*'s, containing two Hundred Acres; this is likewiſe good Tobacco Land. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe either of the above Tracts of Land may know the Terms by applying to Mr. *Charles Irving*, Merchant in *Albemarle* County, or to the Subſcriber in *Richmond* Town. The above Lands are the Property of *John Loving*, Senior, of *Amherſt* County, but made over by a Deed of Truſt to the Subſcriber. Two Years Credit, or longer if required, will be given, on Bond and approved Security.

Tf WILLIAM MITCHELL.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, ſome Time in the latter End of laſt Summer, from a Plantation on *Buffalo*, in *Prince Edward* County, belonging to the Eſtate of *William Randolph*, Eſquire, deceaſed, a very likely ſorrel Mare, ſome of her Feet white, and a Blaze in her Face, three Years old next *May*, neither docked nor branded. Whoever will bring her to me, to or the Overſeer on the Plantation, or give ſuch Intelligence that I may get her again, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS.

RICHARD EGGLESTON.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Williamſburg*, DAVID DAVIS, an Apprentice Lad about twenty Years of Age, about five Feet ten Inches high, walks very ſtraight, wears his own light brown Hair, which is tied, is much marked with the Small-pox, and a Cabinet Maker by Trade; had on, and took with him, a new light coloured Cloth Coat and Breeches, a new Waiſtcoat of reddiſh *Wilton* Cloth, an old brown Coat and Waiſtcoat, a Pair of Breeches of a lighter Colour, new Shoes, and an old Hat. He likewiſe took with him a brown ſhagged Dog with a ſhort Tail, that had an Iron Collar. Whoever conveys the ſaid Apprentice to me ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

BENJAMIN BUCKTROUT.

*** I forewarn all Perſons from harbouring him, and Maſters of Veſſels from carrying him out of the Country.

THE Subſcriber having been bred to Phyſick in his younger Years, and having attended particularly to this Study for theſe three Years paſt, now purpoſes to practiſe on the moſt moderate Terms. He cannot with Sincerity boaſt of having attained the *Ne plus ultra* of the *Æſculapian* Art, nor yet of acquiring any ſuperiour Degree of Knowledge in this Science; but flatters himſelf that, by a vigilant and due Attention to the Indications and Efforts of Nature in thoſe ſick Perſons who ſhould, through Choice or Neceſſity, be committed to his Care, he may be able to afford them proper and timely Aſſiſtance.

6 W. STARK.

*** The Copartnerſhip in a medicinal Shop between Doctor *Bland* and myſelf being diſſolved, the Debtors are deſired to be as expeditious as poſſible in making Payment. The Shop will be furniſhed as before, with Medicines of the beſt Quality, and Preſcriptions made up in the moſt accurate and elegant Manner.

A MEETING of the Creditors of Mr. *David Galloway*, at the *Raleigh* Tavern in *Williamſburg*, on the 7th *May*, is requeſted by the Truſtees. 6

To be SOLD *at publick Auction, on* Thurſday *the* 25*th of* April, *before the* Raleigh *Tavern, in* Williamſburg,

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND, containing four Hundred and eighty Acres, commonly called and known by the Name of *Timſon's Neck*, lying in *York* County, about five Miles from this City, and is bounded by *York* River and *Queen*'s Creek, where there is a great Variety of Fiſh and Oyſters. The Time of Payment will be agreed on at the Sale.

4 ORLANDO JONES.

To be SOLD, *on* Wedneſday *the* 5*th of* May,

HIS Majeſty's PATENT, or Grant, for twenty Thouſand Acres of LAND in *Weſt Florida*. Any Perſon, or Perſons, inclinable to purchaſe may be informed of the Particulars by inquiring of *Joſeph Ogden*, at the Sign of the Croſs Keys, the Corner of *Cheſtnut* and *Third* Streets, *Philadelphia*. 12

Juſt IMPORTED, *and to be* SOLD *by the Subſcribers, in* Norfolk,

A QUANTITY of very fine *Jamaica* COFFEE, PIMENTA, GINGER, MUSCOVADO and REFINED SUGARS, Liverpool SALT, Crates of EARTHEN WARE, *&c. &c. &c.*

4 BOLDEN, LAWRENCE, and Company.

To be SOLD *to the higheſt Bidder, on the Premiſes, purſuant to an* Act *of* Aſſembly, *on* Wedneſday *the* 15*th of* May,

TWO Thouſand eight Hundred Acres of LAND, being the upper Part of a Tract belonging to *Armiſtead Lightfoot*, Eſquire, in *Brunſwick* County. It will be laid off into Lots, to make it convenient to the Purchaſers; and any Perſon inclined to buy may be ſhown it by applying to *Thomas Gholſon*, who lives on it. Credit will be allowed until the firſt of *November* next, upon giving Bond and Security to

LEWIS BURWELL,
JAMES BURWELL,
THOMAS MANN RANDOLPH, } Truſtees.
JOHN WOODSON,

For SALE, *and may be entered on in* November *next*,

THE LAND whereon I now live, containing two Hundred and ſeventy four Acres. It is exceeding good for Grain, Tobacco, *&c.* and lies ſo level that nine Tenths may be plowed with the greateſt Eaſe. The Improvements on the ſame conſiſt of a Plantation, in good Order, ſufficient for working ſeven or eight Hands, the Whole lying to the Plow; an Ordinary Houſe fifty four Feet long, finiſhed off in a complete Manner, has three Rooms with Fireplaces below Stairs, beſides lodging Rooms, and three Rooms above Stairs, one of which has a Fireplace; a Houſe twenty Feet in Length, and ſixteen in Width, with two Rooms below, and one above Stairs, wherein lives the Clerk of the County, and keeps the Office; two Kitchens, one of which is very valuable; a Dairy, Meathouſe, Barn, fine ſtrong Stables, Corn Houſes, two fine Gardens, of the beſt ſawed Framing and Pales; and, in ſhort, every Convenience that is neceſſary for the Ordinary and Plantation Uſes. There are alſo, on the ſame Plantation, two large ſtanding Stores kept, of very conſiderable Trade; the Storehouſes are large and commodious, the cheapeſt of which did not coſt leſs than a Hundred and fifty Pounds; to each Storehouſe belongs a Houſe for the Reſidence of the Merchants, one of which coſt upwards of a Hundred Pounds, the other upwards of ſeventy five; there alſo belongs to the Stores fine ſtrong Stables, *&c.* There are two Tailors Shops, with Kitchens, and other Conveniencies, belonging thereto; as alſo three Blackſmiths Shops, *&c.* The Rents of which, in the Whole, amount pretty conſiderably. Beſides theſe two Stores on my Plantation, a third, of conſiderable Trade, is ſettled (for the Convenience of their Diets, *&c.* in the Ordinary) within, or about, three Hundred Yards from my Ordinary Door, on Land that does not belong to me. This Place is more commodiouſly ſituated, and better calculated for Trade, than perhaps any of the back Parts in this Colony at leaſt, if not on the Continent. To every Dwellinghouſe, Store, *&c. &c.* (Tailors and Blackſmiths Shops excepted) are good Brick Chimnies, the Houſes underpinned with Bricks, and good Cellars, and all in good Repair. The Whole of the Buildings are placed uniform, in Lines and Squares, ſo as to reſemble a Town. None of the Buildings have been built over eight Years, and almoſt all the valuable Buildings within five Years. The Situation is high, and remarkably healthy, commanding a delightful Proſpect of the Mountains and Country round. It lies about eight Miles from *Amherſt* Courthouſe, on the main *Carolina* Road, which is greatly uſed by Travellers, and, together with the great Reſort of Gentlemen to this Place, conſumes as much Liquors as coſt me annually three Hundred Pounds, beſides Proviſions for Men and Beaſts. As Perſons at a Diſtance inclining to purchaſe may better judge whether it would be worth their While to come and ſee the Place, I think it not amiſs to inform them that I will take eight Hundred Pounds for the Place, and give a reaſonable Time for Payment, which is many Hundred Pounds below the intrinſick Value of it.

I will alſo ſell to the Purchaſer (if required) moſt of the Furniture belonging to the Ordinary, at leaſt ten good Feather Beds, with Furniture to the ſame; Walnut and Mohogany Tables, Chairs, *&c. &c.*

16 GABRIEL PENN.

N. B. All the Merchants, Storekeepers, Clerk of the County, their Servants, *&c.* are boarded in the Ordinary, the Profits of which are pretty conſiderable to me.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Prince Edward*, ſome Time in *June* laſt, a Negro Lad named WINDSOR, who for ſeveral Years paſt has waited upon me, and is acquainted with moſt Parts of the Country. He is a ſenſible and artful Fellow, about five Feet high, a handſome lively Look, and ſpeaks quick. He was taken up by Mr. *William Mitchell* of *York*, and committed to that Jail, at which Time he called himſelf *William Florence*, and ſaid he was free, and, by the Aſſiſtance of ſome other Negro impriſoned with him, broke the Priſon. He has ſince been ſeen about *Williamſburg*, near which Place perhaps he is ſtill concealed. He carried away with him a brown Holland Coat, blue Broadcloth Waiſtcoat, two white Linen Shirts, two Pair of Oſnabrug Breeches, and good Shoes and Stockings. As I have Reaſon to apprehend he will endeavour to get on Board a Veſſel, in Order to make his Eſcape out of the Colony, I do hereby forewarn all Maſters and Commanders of Veſſels from taking him on Board. I will give TEN POUNDS to any Perſon that will contrive him to me, and FIVE POUNDS for ſuch Intelligence that I may get him.

Tf WILLIAM WATT.

For SALE,

TWENTY Thouſand Acres of LAND, in the Counties of *Frederick* and *Hampſhire*, which was adverti ſed ſome Years ago in this Colony, and the neighbouring Provinces, and its Situation and Qualities then deſcribed; therefore think it needleſs to repeat them now. It will be ſold very cheap, and reaſonable Time of Payment will be allowed the Purchaſer, or Purchaſers, for one Half of the Purchaſe Money; who may be ſhown the Premiſes by applying to the Subſcriber, in *Winchester*.

9 BRYAN BRUIN.

Wanted on CHARTER, *to load Tar and Turpentine in* North Carolina,

A VESSEL of about fifteen Hundred Barrels Burthen. For Terms apply to *James Marſden* in *Norfolk*, or the Subſcribers at *Richmond*; who have for Sale a Quantity of good SEINE TWINE.

Tf STORRS & ELLIS.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, on *Saturday* the 26th of *January*, an indented Servant Man named WILLIAM READ. He is a well ſet Fellow, about five Feet ten Inches high, and ſpeaks the Weſt Country Dialect pretty broad; had on, and took with him, a dark coloured Duffil ſhort Frock Coat, a Pair of blue Plains Breeches with a ſpotted Cotton Waiſtband, a Pair of Yarn Stockings, Check Shirt, and *Virginia* made Shoes. He is a Farmer, and underſtands Something of making and laying Bricks. Whoever delivers the ſaid Servant to me at *Weſt Point*, in *King William* County, or ſecures him ſo that I may get him again, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

Tf JOHN WEST.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, at the Falls of *James* River, the Middle of laſt Month, a Negro Man named DAVY, belonging to the Hon. *William Byrd*, Eſquire, about thirty Years old, five Feet eight Inches high, and very ſtout made; he is of a yellow Complexion, has a down Look, and a Defect in ſome of his fore Teeth. He is ſuppoſed to be lurking about *Hanover* Town, *Peterſburg*, or gone towards *Carolina*. Whoever will apprehend the ſaid Fellow, and bring him to me, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS Reward; and if taken out of the Colony, FIVE POUNDS.

Tf DAVID PATTESON.

ALL Perſons may be ſupplied with this PAPER at 12*ſ.* 6*d.* a Year, and have ADVERTISEMENTS (of a moderate Length) i. 3*ſ.* the firſt Week, and 2*ſ.* each Week after.——*** All Sorts of PRINTING WORK done at this Office in the neateſt Care and Expedition.